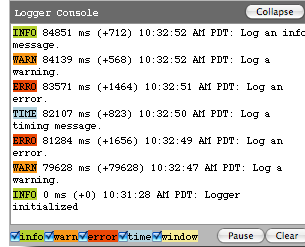


Simple Use Case (LogReader)

```
<div id="myLogger"></div>
<script>
var myLogReader = new
  YAHOO.widget.LogReader("myLogger");
</script>
```

Instantiates a new LogReader object, myLogReader, which is bound to a div whose id attribute is 'myLogger'. The result will be a visual LogReader display.

To create a LogReader that floats outside the page context, omit the reference to a context div. Your LogReader will then be appended to the page and positioned absolutely. If the YUI Drag & Drop Library is included on the page, it will be draggable.



Constructor (LogReader)

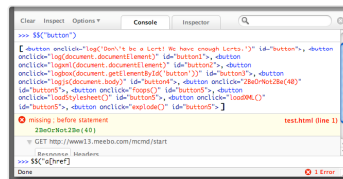
```
YAHOO.widget.LogReader([str html id or obj element
  reference, obj configuration object]);
```

Arguments:

- (1) **HTML element (string or object):** An optional reference to an HTML id string or element object binds the LogReader to an existing page element.
- (2) **Configuration object (object):** An optional object literal defines LogReader settings. All properties of a LogReader instance can be set via the constructor by using this object.

Logging via console.log()

A growing number of browsers and extensions support the JavaScript method `console.log()`. The excellent FireBug extension to FireFox supports this method, as does the JavaScript console in Apple's Safari browser. Enable this feature using Logger's `enableBrowserConsole()` method.



Dependencies

Logger requires the YAHOO object, Dom, Event, and the Logger CSS file; Drag and Drop is optional.

Simple Use Case (Logger)

```
YAHOO.log("My log message", "mycategory", "my
  source");
```

Logs a message to the default console and to `console.log()`, if enabled. Categories (like "info") and sources can be added on the fly.

Constructor (LogWriter)

Creates a separate, named bucket for your log messages:

```
YAHOO.widget.LogWriter(str sSource);
```

Arguments:

- (1) **Source (string):** The source of log messages. The first word of the string will be used to create a LogReader filter checkbox. The entire string will be prepended to log messages so they can be easily tracked by their source.

Solutions

Log a message using a pre-styled logging category:

```
YAHOO.log("My log message.", "warn");
```

Create a new logging category on the fly:

```
YAHOO.log("My log message.", "mycategory");
```

Style a custom logging category in CSS:

```
.yui-log .mycategory {background-color:#dedede;}
```

Log a message, **creating a new "source" on the fly**:

```
YAHOO.log("My log message.", "warn", "newSource");
```

Hide and show the logging console:

```
myLogReader.hide();
myLogReader.show();
```

Pause and resume output to the console:

```
myLogReader.pause();
myLogReader.resume();
```

Instantiate your own LogWriter to write log messages categorized by their source:

```
MyClass.prototype.myLogWriter = new
  YAHOO.widget.LogWriter("MyClass of MyModule");
var myInstance = new MyClass();
myInstance.myLogWriter.log("This log message can now
  be filtered by its source, MyClass."); // "MyClass
  of MyModule", the full name of the source, will
  be prepended to the actual log message
```

YAHOO.widget.Logger
Static Properties:

maxStackEntries (int)

YAHOO.widget.Logger
Static Methods:

log(sMsg, sCategory, sSource)
disableBrowserConsole()
enableBrowserConsole()
getStack()
getStartTime()
reset()

YAHOO.widget.Logger
Custom Events:

categoryCreateEvent
sourceCreateEvent
newLogEvent
logResetEvent

LogReader Properties:

logReaderEnabled (b)
footerEnabled (b)
verboseOutput (b)
newestOnTop (b)
thresholdMax (int)
thresholdMin (int)

LogReader Methods:

hide()
show()
pause()
resume()
setTime()

LogWriter Methods:

log(sMsg, sCategory, sSource)

Categories

info (Pass in other categories to log() to add to this list.)
warn
error
time
window